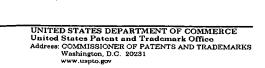


UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/440,462	11/15/1999	WALID NAJIB ABOUL-HOSN	032301-047	2975
21839 7.	590 06/10/2002			
BURNS DOANE SWECKER & MATHIS L L P			EXAMINER	
POST OFFICE ALEXANDRIA	BOX 1404 A, VA 22313-1404		BLANCO, JAVIER G	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3738	
			DATE MAILED: 06/10/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

-c		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/440,462	ABOUL-HOSN ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Javier G. Blanco	3738			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address			
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failur - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sicions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from t, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. I the mailing date of this communication. ID (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 151	<u>November 1999</u> .				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.	•			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-23 and 37-46</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>24-36</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-23 and 37-46</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	,				
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
9) 🔲 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•				
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13)⊠	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ⊠ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No.			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	·				
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language procknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	visional application has been rec	eived.			
Attachment		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
1) Notice 2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			
S. Patent and Tra TO-326 (Rev		tion Summary	Part of Paper No. 9			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Claims 24-36 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in Paper No. 8.

Drawings

2. This application has been filed with informal drawings which are acceptable for examination purposes only. Formal drawings will be required when the application is allowed.

Double Patenting

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 19-22 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-4 of copending Application No. 09/231,320 (Notice of Allowance mailed) and claims 1-4 of copending Application No. 10/021,549. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct

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from each other because in order to use a pump to convey blood from one region of the heart to another, some sort of device (i.e., controller or sensor) is needed to control or regulate the pump speed or flow rate. Claim 1 of copending Application No. 09/231,320 and claim 1 of copending Application No. 10/021,549 recite the use of a cradle for supporting the beating heart. Claim 19 of Application 09/440,462 recites that the heart is lifted or displaced during surgery. It will be obvious to use a cradle, or similar device, in order to lift, support, or displace the beating heart while performing surgery.

- 5. Claim 23 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 6 of copending Application No. 09/231,320 (Notice of Allowance mailed) and copending Application No. 10/021,549. The conflicting claims are identical and are not patentably distinct from each other.
- 6. Claim 37 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,395,026 B1, claim 15 of copending Application No. 09/231,320 (Notice of Allowance mailed), and claim 15 of copending Application No. 10/021,549. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 37 is a slightly broader version of claim 2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,395,026 B1, claim 15 of copending Application No. 09/231,320, and claim 15 of copending Application No. 10/021,549. Claim 2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,395,026 B1, claim 15 of copending Application No. 09/231,320, and claim 15 of copending Application No. 10/021,549 recite the use of a cradle for supporting the beating heart. Claim 37 of Application 09/440,462 recites that the heart is lifted or displaced during surgery. It will be obvious to use a

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cradle, or similar device, in order to lift, support, or displace the beating heart while performing surgery.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 8. Claims 23, 37-39, 43, and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Phillips (US 4,955,856). Phillips discloses a system comprising one or two cannula, one or two pump systems, and with the same orientation (i.e., cannula goes first through tricuspid valve, then through pulmonary valve, then through pulmonary artery) as in claims 23, 37-39, 43, and 44 (see Figure 3; see column 2, lines 45-48; column 3, lines 1-8; see entire document).
- 9. Claims 1-17, 19-23, and 37-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Jarvik (US 5,376,114). Jarvik discloses a system or kit comprising one or two cannula, one or two miniature pump systems, and a microprocessor-based controller as claimed in claims 1-17, 19-23, and 37-46 (see Figures 1, 5, 6, and 8-11; see Abstract; column 2, lines 30-43; column 3, lines 29-35 and lines 43-55; column 5, lines 34-63; column 6, lines 47-67; see entire document). The design of the pump/cannula system reduces the combined priming volume to the point that it could be essentially zero (see column 1, lines 58-64; column 6, lines 17-23).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 1-23 and 37-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Phillips (US 4,955,856) in view of Jarvik (US 5,376,114) and Koros et al. (US 5,167,223). Phillips discloses a system comprising one or two cannula and one or two pump systems as claimed in the present application (see 102 rejection above).

Phillips does not disclose the pump as been coupled to a controller. However, Jarvik teaches a pump coupled to a microprocessor-based controller in order to regulate the flow and pressure of the blood flowing through the cannula (see column 3, lines 29-55). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teaching of using a pump coupled to a controller, as taught by Jarvik, to the system of Phillips, in order to regulate the flow and pressure of the blood flowing through the cannula.

Phillips does not disclose a priming volume of not greater than about 1000 ml. However, Jarvik teaches a pump/cannula system that reduces the combined priming volume to the point that it could be essentially zero in order to aid in simplify management of heart function during the surgical procedure (see column 1, lines 58-64; column 6, lines 17-23). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teaching of using a pump/cannula system that reduces the combined priming volume to the

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point that it could be essentially zero, as taught by Jarvik, to the system of Phillips, in order to aid in simplify management of heart function during the surgical procedure.

Phillips does not disclose the use of a cradle adapted to support the heart while the surgery is performed. However, Koros et al. teach a cradle (i.e., net) adapted to support the heart in order to provide better access to the heart for the surgeon (see Figure 1; column 3, lines 48-53). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teaching of using a cradle to support the heart while performing a surgical procedure, as taught by Koros et al., to the system of Phillips, in order to provide better access to the heart for the surgeon.

Conclusion

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: Orejola (US 4,985,014), Runge (US 5,688,245), and Jarvik (US 5,888,241).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Javier G. Blanco whose telephone number is 703-605-4259. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30 a.m.-4:00 p.m.).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Corrine McDermott can be reached on 703-308-2111. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0858.

JGB

June 3, 2002

David H. Willse Primary Examiner